



(Set-1)

B.Tech-8th
Quality Assurance & Reliability

Full Marks : 70

Time : 3 hours

Q. No. 8 is compulsory and answer any **five** questions from the rest

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks

Use of statistics tables and SQC tables is permitted

1. (a) Explain in detail the construction of \bar{P} chart with example. 5

(b) Control chart for \bar{X} and σ are maintained on the weight in kg of the contents of a certain container. The subgroup size is 10. The values of \bar{X} and σ are computed for each subgroup. After 18 subgroups, $\Sigma \bar{X} = 595.8$ and $\Sigma \sigma = 8.24$. Compute the values of σ' on the assumption the process is in statistical control. It is given that $A_1 = 1.03$, $B_4 = 1.72$, $B_3 = 0.28$, $C_2 = 0.9227$. 5

(Turn Over)

(2)

2. (a) Explain the various types of sampling plans which are in practice in industry with their respective acceptance criteria. 5
- (b) A single sampling plan uses a sample size of 15, and an acceptance number 1. Using hypergeometric probabilities, compute the probability of acceptance of lot of 50 articles 2% defective. 5
3. (a) State the scope of quality control function in an engineering industries. Give details of various aspects and necessary steps to achieve quality control. 5
- (b) What is quality cost? Describe different quality cost system. 5
4. (a) Describe the philosophical basis for quality circles. In what way quality circle method are different from traditional management approach? 5
- (b) What do you mean by quality of design? Explain the factors controlling quality of design. 5

(3)

5. (a) What is P-D-C-A cycle. State why is this method so popular? 5
- (b) Explain the detail the seven basic quality control tools. 5
6. (a) What are the basic elements of reliability? Discuss the failure pattern for complex product. 5
- (b) An element has a probability of successful operation over a given period of 60 per cent. If four such elements are connected in parallel estimate the improvement factor. 5
7. (a) Explain the CUSUM control charts for variable. 5
- (b) Describe OC curve in details and explain what do you mean by producer's risk and consumer's risk. 5
8. Answer the following questions : 2 x 10
- (a) What do you mean Process Capability Analysis? 5
- (b) Define 'tolerance' and 'limits'. 5

$$VCL = \bar{x} + A_1 \bar{\sigma} \quad \bar{\sigma} = \frac{z_6}{N} \quad A_1 = 3/\sqrt{N}$$

Reliability is the probability of a product functioning in the intended manner over its intended life under the expected conditions.

TAM